

I Find the value of the determinants:

$$(1) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \quad (2) \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(3) \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \quad (4) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c & c^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

II Assume $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ satisfy

$$\vec{a} = \lambda \vec{b} + \mu \vec{c}.$$

Then find

$$|\vec{a} \ \vec{b} \ \vec{c}| = 0$$

III solve the systems of equations by the Cramer's Rule.

$$(1) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

IV Given two vectors

$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \vec{c} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

We define

$$\vec{v} \times \vec{c} = \left(\begin{array}{|cc|} \hline v_2 & c_2 \\ v_3 & c_3 \\ \hline - & \begin{array}{|cc|} \hline v_1 & c_1 \\ v_3 & c_3 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{|cc|} \hline v_1 & c_1 \\ v_2 & c_2 \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

(1) Show that

$$(\vec{v}, \vec{v} \times \vec{c}) = (\vec{c}, \vec{v} \times \vec{c}) = 0$$

by applying a Basic Property of 3×3 matrices.

(2) Show that

$$\vec{v} \times \vec{c} = -\vec{c} \times \vec{v}$$