

$$I (1) \quad (x^3 \sqrt{x})' = (x^{\frac{7}{2}})' = \frac{7}{2} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \quad (F')$$

$$\left( \frac{2}{7} x^3 \sqrt{x} \right)' = x^2 \sqrt{x}$$

$$\int_0^1 x^2 \sqrt{x} dx = \left[ \frac{2}{7} x^3 \sqrt{x} \right]_0^1 = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$(2) \quad (\sqrt{x})' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \quad (F') \quad (2\sqrt{x})' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[ 2\sqrt{x} \right]_1^2 = 2(\sqrt{2} - 1)$$

$$(3) \quad (e^{-2t})' = -2e^{-2t} \quad (F') \quad \left( \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \right)' = e^{-2t}$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{-2t} dt = \left[ -\frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \right]_0^1 = -\frac{1}{2}(e^{-2} - 1)$$

$$= \frac{e^2 - 1}{2e^2}$$

$$(4) \quad \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)' = -\frac{1}{x^2} \quad (F') \quad \left( -\frac{1}{x} \right)' = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2} dx = \left[ -\frac{1}{x} \right]_1^2 = -\frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(5) \quad (\cos 2t)' = -\sin 2t \cdot 2 \quad (F') \quad \left( -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2t \right)' = \sin 2t$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin 2t dt = \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2t \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = -\frac{1}{2}((-1) - 1) = 1$$

$$\text{II} \quad \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3} \frac{y^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \lambda p = 0 \quad \dots (1) \\ \frac{1}{3} \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{y^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \lambda q = 0 \quad \dots (2) \\ I - px - qy = 0 \quad \dots (3) \end{cases}$$

$$(1) \text{ F) } \frac{y^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} = 3\lambda p \quad \dots (1')$$

$$(2) \text{ F) } \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{y^{\frac{2}{3}}} = 3\lambda q \quad \dots (2')$$

$$(1)' \times (2)'^2 \text{ F) } \frac{1}{y} = 27\lambda^3 p q^2$$

$$(1)'^2 \times (2)' \text{ F) } \frac{1}{x} = 27\lambda^3 p^2 q$$

$$\text{F) } 2 \quad px = qy = \frac{1}{27\lambda^3 p q}$$

$$(3) \text{ F) } px = qy = \frac{I}{2} \quad \text{と } (1) \text{ の } 2 \quad x = \frac{I}{2p}, \quad y = \frac{I}{2q}$$

$$\text{と } (2) \text{ の } 2 \quad \lambda^3 = \frac{1}{27} \cdot \frac{1}{p^2 q} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{27} \cdot \frac{1}{p^2 q} \cdot \frac{2p}{I}$$

$$\text{F) } \lambda = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{p q I}}$$

註 1  $px = qy = \frac{1}{27\lambda^3 p q}$  なるより  $\lambda$  の値を  $\lambda = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{p q I}}$  とすると (3) に代入して

$$0 = I - \frac{1}{27\lambda^3 p q} - \frac{1}{27\lambda^3 p q}$$

$$= I - \frac{2}{27\lambda^3 p q}$$

$$\text{F) } \frac{1}{\lambda^3} = \frac{27 p q}{2} \quad \text{と } (1) \text{ の } 2 \quad \lambda = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{p q I}}$$

①' ②' 2)  $\frac{y}{x} = \frac{10}{8}$  5元の  $xp = yq$

2元の  $x = 10$  2元は7元

③  $u(x, y) = \alpha \log x + \beta \log y$   $\alpha, \beta$  需要関数の

$$x(p, q, I) = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} \cdot \frac{I}{p}$$

$$y(p, q, I) = \frac{\beta}{\alpha + \beta} \cdot \frac{I}{q}$$

2元  $\alpha = \beta = \frac{1}{3}$   $\alpha, \beta$

$$x(p, q, I) = \frac{I}{2p}, \quad y(p, q, I) = \frac{I}{2q}$$

$\alpha = \beta$  問題は  $x$  と  $y$  の需要関数は一致した。