

11/10, 2004 系2 75.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A\vec{x} = \vec{0} \quad 2 \times 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2r + &= 1r \times (-2) \\ 3r + &= 1r \times 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$x_1 = 3$$

$$\text{the } x_1 = 3 \text{ is } 0025.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \leftarrow 2r \leftrightarrow 3r \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4r + = 2r \times (-1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\downarrow 3r \times = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

x_1, x_2 x_4
 x_3 x_5

$$\text{pivot} = 1$$

$$\text{pivot } 9 \leq 0$$

$$\text{the } \frac{1}{3} \text{ is } \text{the } \text{pivot } 9 \leq 0.$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 4x_3 - 3x_5 = 0 \\ x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 + 2x_5 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_3 = \alpha, \quad x_5 = \beta \\ x_1 = 4\alpha + 3\beta \\ x_2 = -3\alpha \\ x_3 = \alpha \\ x_4 = -2\beta \\ x_5 = \beta \end{array} \right.$$

5. $(\pm) 4 \text{ IT } 5.$

A.階数

 $\text{rank}(A)$

4

$$(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, 9, 17, \frac{1}{8}, 5) - \text{pivot } \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= 11 \cdot 3 \times - 5 - 0 \frac{1}{2} \times 2.$$

部分空南

$$V_1 = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}; x - 2y + 3z = 0 \right\}$$

→ V_1 是基阶空间

$$\vec{\alpha}, \vec{\beta} \in V_i$$
$$\Rightarrow \lambda \vec{\alpha} + \mu \vec{\beta} \in V_i$$

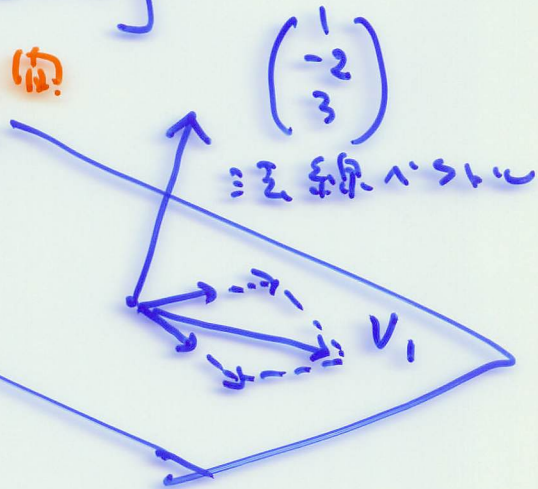
$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \vec{\beta} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda \alpha + \mu \beta = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda x_1 + \mu x_2 \\ \lambda y_1 + \mu y_2 \\ \lambda z_1 + \mu z_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \lambda (\underline{x_1 - 2y_1 + 3z_1}) + \mu (\underline{x_2 - 2y_2 + 3z_2})$$

$$\alpha \in V, \quad \forall \alpha$$

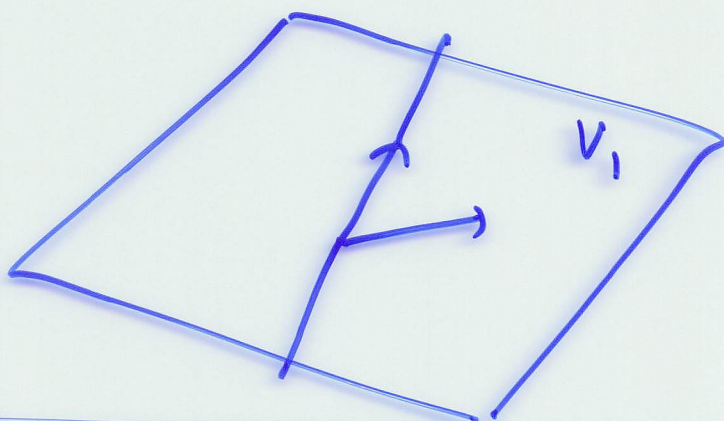
$\beta \in V_1$



$$V_1 = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}; x - 2y + 3z = 0 \right\} \ni \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2y - 3z \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = y \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + z \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \not\propto \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ker(A) = \{ \vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^5; A\vec{x} = \vec{0} \}$$

A 7 核
kernel

非平凡空間

$$\vec{\alpha}, \vec{\beta} \in \ker(A) \quad A\vec{\alpha} = A\vec{\beta} = \vec{0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda \vec{\alpha} + \mu \vec{\beta}) &= \lambda A\vec{\alpha} + \mu A\vec{\beta} \\ &= \lambda \vec{0} + \mu \vec{0} = \vec{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\ker(A) \rightarrow \lambda \vec{\alpha} + \mu \vec{\beta} \in \ker(A)$$

↓

$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 4s + t \\ -3s \\ s \\ -2t \\ t \end{pmatrix} = s \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\alpha} \parallel \vec{\beta} \Leftrightarrow \vec{\alpha} = t \vec{\beta} \text{ for } t \in \mathbb{R} \quad \vec{\beta} = t \vec{\alpha}$$

$$\vec{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

2x2

$$s\vec{a} + t\vec{b} = \vec{0} \Rightarrow s=t=0$$

$s \neq 0, T_1, T_2 \in \mathbb{R} \quad \vec{\alpha} = -\frac{t}{s} \vec{\beta} \in \text{Bild } S.$

$$\vec{r}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \vec{r}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v}_1 \neq \vec{v}_2$$

$$s \vec{u}_1 + t \vec{u}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} * \\ * \\ s \\ * \\ t \end{pmatrix} = \vec{0} \rightarrow s = t = 0$$

$$I_m(A) = \left\{ A \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \mathbb{R}^5 \end{matrix} \vec{x}; \vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^5 \right\} \cap \mathbb{R}^4 \text{ 的基底 (由) } \vec{a}_1, \dots, \vec{a}_5 \text{ 组成.}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = (\vec{a}_1, \vec{a}_2, \vec{a}_3, \vec{a}_4, \vec{a}_5)$$

$$A \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix} = x_1 \vec{a}_1 + x_2 \vec{a}_2 + x_3 \vec{a}_3 + x_4 \vec{a}_4 + x_5 \vec{a}_5$$

$$A \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = (\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_3, \vec{e}_4, \vec{e}_5)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \vec{e}_3 = -4\vec{e}_1 + 3\vec{e}_2 \\ \vec{e}_5 = -3\vec{e}_1 + 2\vec{e}_4 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow$$

$$\vec{a}_3 = -4\vec{a}_1 + 3\vec{a}_2$$

$$\vec{a}_5 = -3\vec{a}_1 + \vec{a}_4$$

行基本変形 $\Leftrightarrow$ 基底変換 $\Rightarrow$ 基底 $\{ \vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_3, \vec{e}_4, \vec{e}_5 \}$

1行と4行交換

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$P: \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$
"

$(\mathbb{R}^4)$

$$B = P_2 \dots P_2 P_1 A$$

$P_j: \text{基底変換}$

$$\vec{e}_j = P \vec{a}_j \quad (j=1, 2, \dots, 5)$$

$$\rightarrow P \vec{a}_3 = -4P \vec{a}_1 + 3P \vec{a}_2$$

$$\text{両辺に } P^{-1} \text{ をかけると } \vec{a}_3 = -4\vec{a}_1 + 3\vec{a}_2 \quad \begin{matrix} -3\vec{a}_1 + \vec{a}_4 \\ \text{"} \end{matrix}$$

$$I_m(A) \ni x_1 \vec{a}_1 + x_2 \vec{a}_2 + x_3 \vec{a}_3 + x_4 \vec{a}_4 + x_5 \vec{a}_5$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \begin{matrix} -4\vec{a}_1 + 3\vec{a}_2 \\ \text{"} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (x_1 - 4x_3 - 3x_5) \vec{a}_1 \\ &\quad + (x_2 + 3x_3) \vec{a}_2 \\ &\quad + (x_4 + x_5) \vec{a}_4 \end{aligned}$$

$$x_1 \vec{a}_1 + x_2 \vec{a}_2 + x_4 \vec{a}_4$$

$$c_1 \vec{a}_1 + c_2 \vec{a}_2 + c_4 \vec{a}_4 = \vec{0}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \vec{a}_j = \vec{e}_j$$

$$\rightarrow p(c_1 \vec{a}_1 + c_2 \vec{a}_2 + c_4 \vec{a}_4) = p \vec{0} = \vec{0}$$

$$\parallel$$

$$c_1 \vec{e}_1 + c_2 \vec{e}_2 + c_4 \vec{e}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_4 \\ * \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\longrightarrow c_1 = c_2 = c_4 = 0$$

$$c_1 \vec{a}_1 + c_2 \vec{a}_2 + c_4 \vec{a}_4 = \vec{0} \Rightarrow c_1 = c_2 = c_4 = 0$$

同 2A+2 1:2 (1) 1:1 0:0...

$$\vec{a}_1 = \alpha \vec{a}_2 + \beta \vec{a}_4 \in \text{span}\{\vec{a}_2, \vec{a}_4\}$$

$$I_m(A) \ni \vec{\alpha}$$

$$1) \vec{\alpha} = c_1 \vec{a}_1 + c_2 \vec{a}_2 + c_4 \vec{a}_4$$

$$\in \text{span}\{\vec{a}_1, \vec{a}_2, \vec{a}_4\}$$

$$2) c_1 \vec{a}_1 + c_2 \vec{a}_2 + c_4 \vec{a}_4 = \vec{0}$$

$$\implies c_1 = c_2 = c_4 = 0$$

$$(\vec{a}_1, \vec{a}_2, \vec{a}_4) \text{ は 3 次元空間}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \vec{a}_1, \vec{a}_2, \vec{a}_4 \text{ は } I_m(A) \text{ の基底}$$

$$\in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$I_m(A) \text{ は } 3 \text{ 次元}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & -5 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & -5 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\text{Im}(A)$ の基底を求めよ
