#### 表紙未完成・・・

## New energy group

- Syo-gun
- Nara-ken
- Eritin
- Sino-ra
- Akio

#### What we are going to say · · ·

CO<sub>2</sub> reduction target by new energy 34million t-CO<sub>2</sub>

For this target · · · · new energy introduction target 19.1billion I (crude oil equivalent)

Is this introduction target appropriate ? No!!

### What we are going to say · · ·

New energy implementation target is not appropriate because · · ·

- Regardless of cost
- Reduce CO2 more than target

For appropriate target · · · our proposal

#### Structure

- What is New Energy?
- The necessities of New Energy
- The target of implementation
- Current situation in Japan
- The trial calculation
   About CO2 reduction
   About cost
- Consideration

### What is new energy ?



- 1. technically available
- 2. not marketable
- 3. the alternative energy resource to oil

#### what is new energy ?

#### ~ Kinds of new energy ~

		• water power • geo-thermal en	hergy	
	· clean energy automobile · LNG co-	• solar energy • wind power	biomass energy such as · · ·	waste combustion such as · · · · generation · thermal
new energy	generation •fuel cell	•solar thermal	•generation •thermal utilization	utilization
the patterns of energy use		• cryogenic power by snow ice	<ul> <li>fuel</li> <li>fabrication</li> </ul>	fabrication <ul> <li>temperature</li> <li>difference</li> </ul>
recycled energy		·ocean energy		

#### Classification of new energy

Power generation field solar energy wind-power waste combustion energy biomass energy

> Thermal utilization field solar thermal unutilized energy waste combustion utilization biomass thermal utilization

#### Merits and Demerits

#### <u>Merits</u>

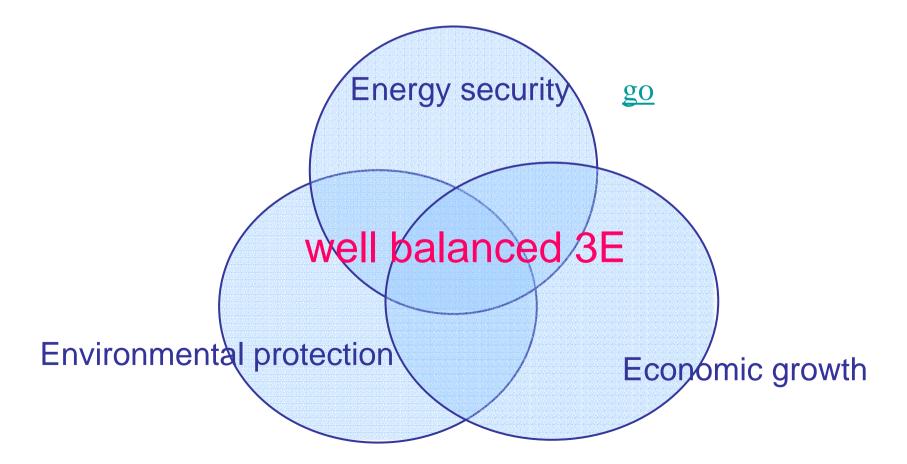
domestically produced no exhaustible resource less CO<sub>2</sub> emissions \_\_\_\_

#### <u>Demerits</u>

- Unstable electrical output
- energy conversion efficiency is low
- cost is high \_\_\_\_

### The necessities of new energy

the image to accomplish 3 targets of energy policy



#### New energy & 3E



#### Structure

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#### Actual result and Target (new energy of supply side)

	Actual result of <b>1999</b>		Prospect /target of 2010					
			Case of keeping the current measure		<sup>e</sup> Target case			
	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant		
	10000kl	10000kW	10000kl	10000kW	10000kl	10000kW		

#### Power generation field

Solar energy	5.3	About 23 times	118	482
Wind power	3.5	About 38 times	134	300
Waste combustion energy	115	About 5 times	552	417
Biomass energy	5.4	About 6 times	34	33

#### Actual result and Target (new energy of supply side)

	Actual result of <b>1999</b>		Prospect /target of 2010			
			Case of keeping the current measure		V Larger ca	
	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant
	10000kl	10000kW	10000kl	10000kW	10000kl	10000kW

#### Thermal utilization field

Solar thermal	98	Α	bout 4 tim	ies	<b>4</b> 39	-
Unutilized energy	4.1	At	oout 14 tin	nes	58	-
Waste combustion utilization	4.4	Α	bout 3 tim	nes	▶ 14	-
Biomass thermal utilization	-	_	-	-	67	-
Black liquor/scrap wood etc.	457	Ab	out 1.1 tir	nes	494	-

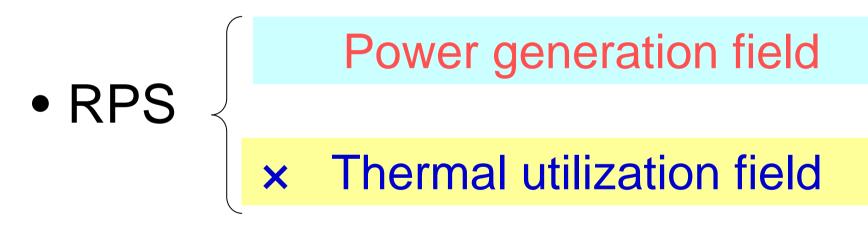
## **RPS** (Renewables Portfolio Standard) in Japan

What is RPS system ?

# The system to introduce new energy certainly and cost-effectively

Issued in June 2002 Put into force in April 2003

#### **RPS** coverage



## Eligible energy sources of RPS

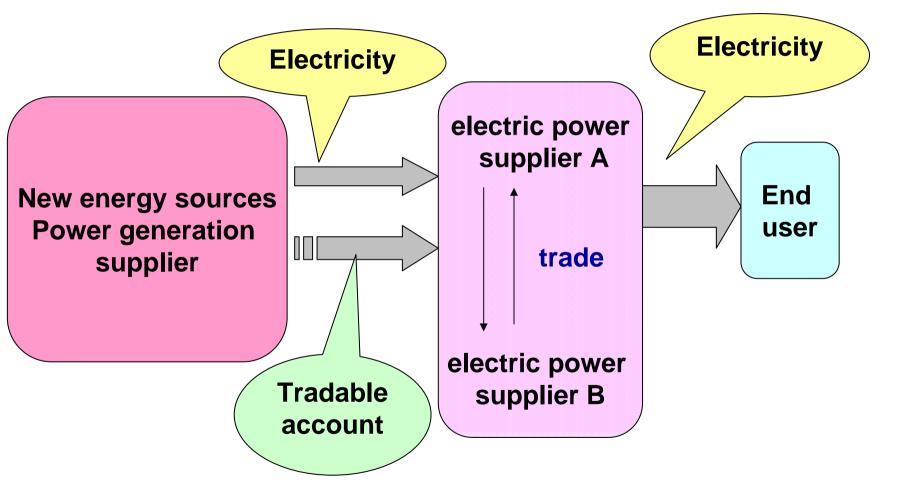
- ·Wind-power generation
- ·Solar energy generation
- ·Geo-thermal generation
- hydraulic power generation (small and medium)
   (×hydroelectric dam)
   (hydraulic turbine)
- ·Biomass

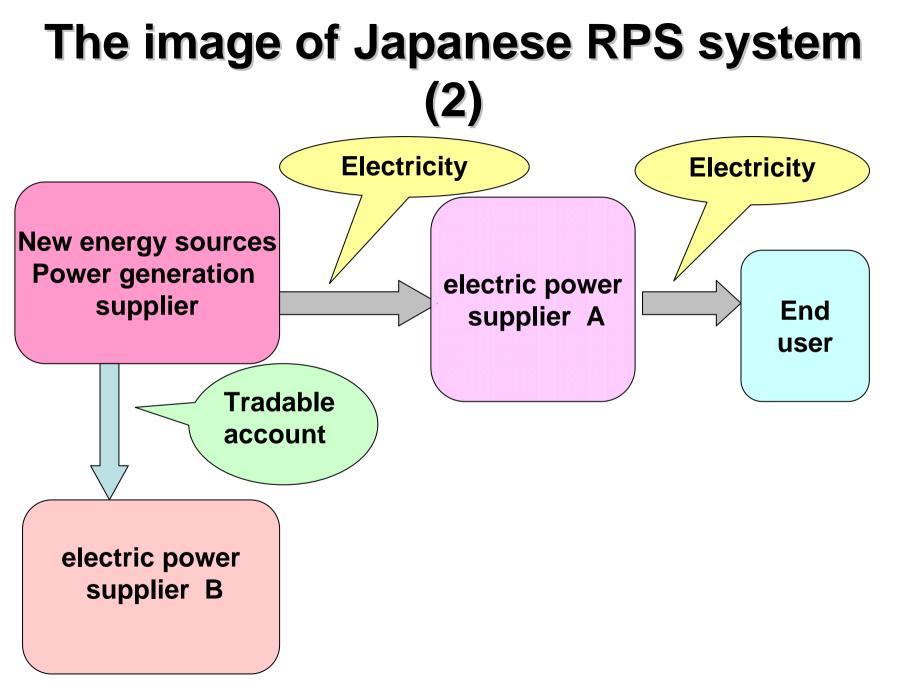
waste combustion energy generation
 (only the biomass incineration)

#### RPS is the way to attain the obligation cost-effectively

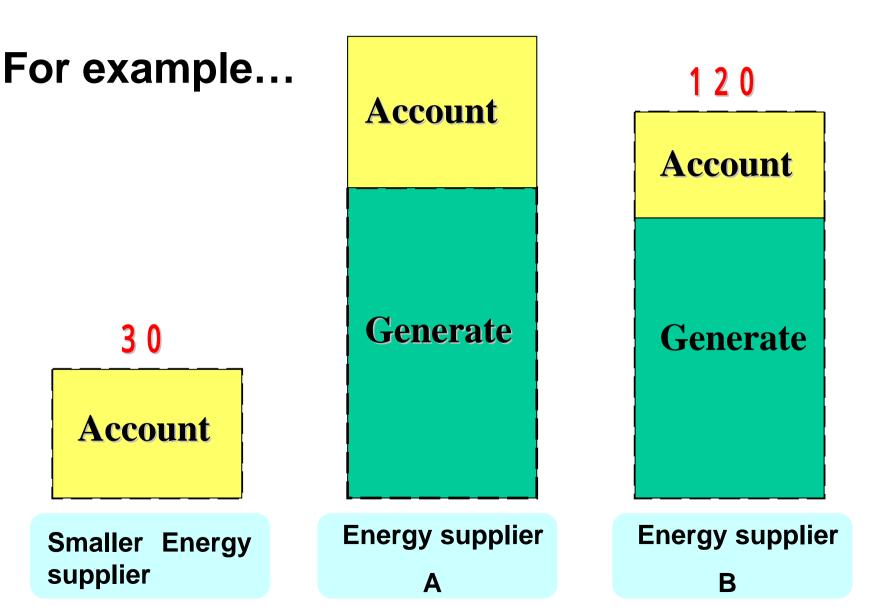


# The image of Japanese RPS system (1)

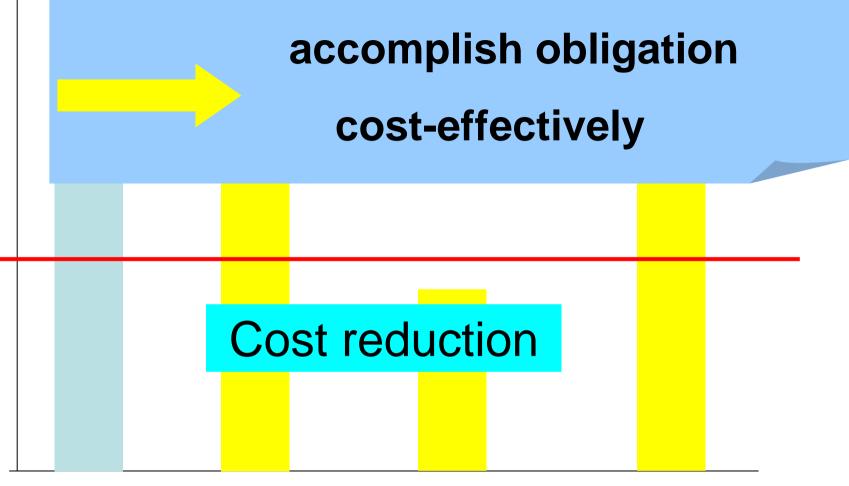




#### Image breakdown of the account







generate Account A Account B Account C

Equalize the marginal generation cost

Minimize the social cost

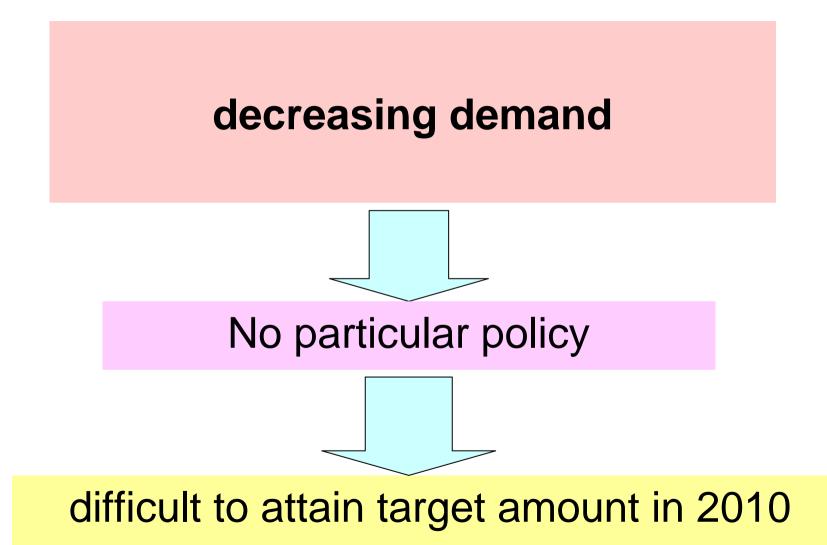
#### Actual result and Target (new energy of supply side)

	Actual result of 1999		Actual result of 2001		2010 target case	
-	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant	Convert into oil	Capacity of plant
	10000kl	10000kW	10000kl	10000kW	10000kl	10000kW

#### **Thermal utilization field**

			-			
Solar thermal	98	-	82	-	439	-
Unutilized energy	4.1	-	4.4	-	58	-
Waste combustion utilization	4.4	-	4.5	-	14	-
Biomass thermal utilization	-	-	-	-	67	-
Black liquor/scrap wood etc.	457	-	446	-	494	-

#### Thermal utilization field



#### summary

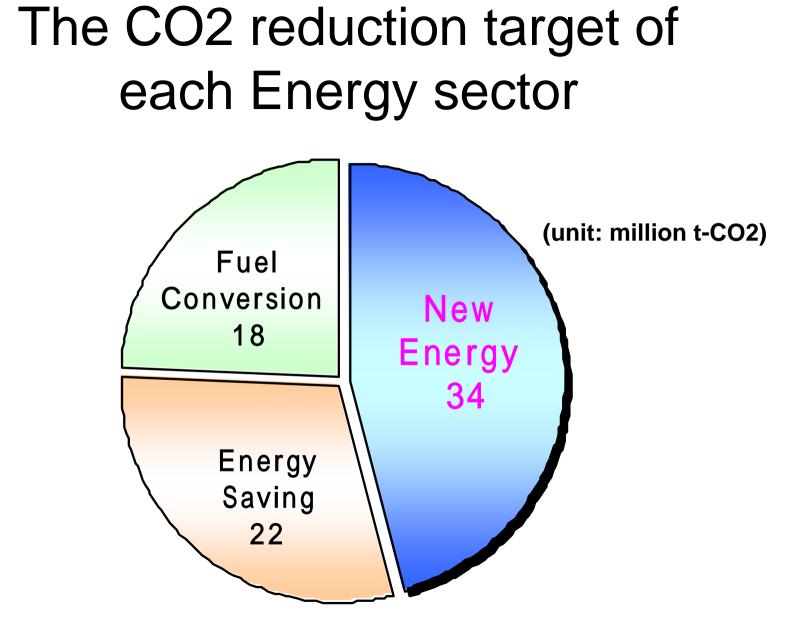
#### To attain introduction target of new energy

#### In power generation, can attain by RPS

#### In thermal utilization, difficult !!

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Made by presenter,

based on the data by Ministry of the Environment (2002

## power generation field

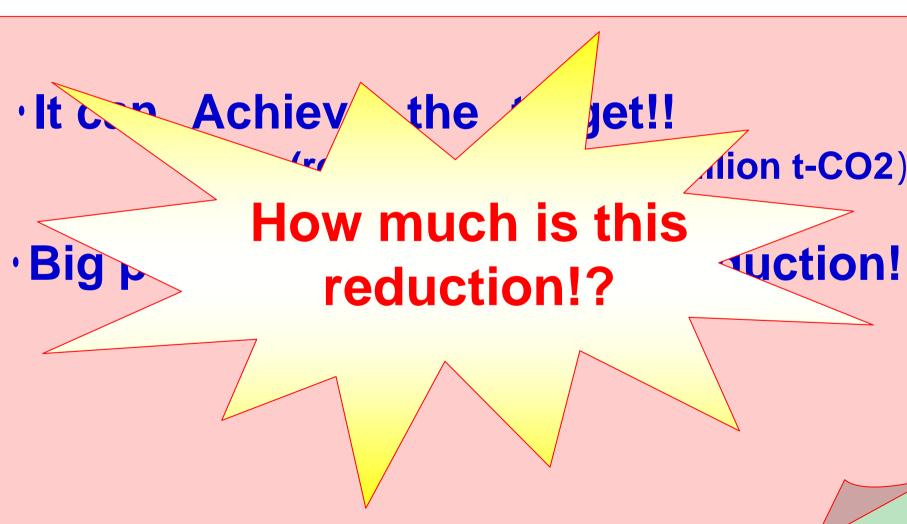
(unit: million t-CO2)	Alternative for oil (0.742kg-CO2/kwh)	Alternative for Average of all power sources (0.419kg-CO2/kwh)
Solar energy	3.52	1.87
Wind power	4.11	2.27
Waste combustion energy	15.40	7.74
Biomass energy	0.92	0.48
total	23.95	12.36

## thermal utilization field

(unit: million t-CO2)	Alternative for kerosene (68.5g-CO2/MJ)	Alternative for city gas (58.6g-CO2/MJ)
Solar thermal	11.49	8.60
Unutilized energy	1.52	1.14
Waste combustion utilization	3.72	0.74
Biomass thermal utilization	1.76	1.31
Black liquor/scrap wood, etc	12.93	9.68
total	28.07	23.47

#### Amount of CO2 reduction by new energy

(power generation and thermal utilization field)



#### Structure

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## Each cost of new energy

Solar energy	Residential	average:66 yen/kWh
generation	Non-residential	average:73 yen/kWh
Wind power	Large scale	10 ~ 14 yen/kWh
generation	Smaller scale	18 ~ 24 yen/kWh
Waste combustion energy generation*	Industry	9 ~ 11 yen/kWh
	General	11 ~ 12 yen/kWh
Solar thermal utilization		28 yen/Mcal
Unutilized energy		10 yen/MJ

\*including biomass energy generation

(source: report of new energy subcommittee

## Cost of power generation

Solar energy	Residential	270.6
generation	Non-residential	73
Wind power	Large scale	51~71.4
generation	Smaller scale	12.6 ~ 16.8
Waste combustion	Industry	108 ~ 132
energy generation	General	129.8 ~ 141.6
Biomass energy gen	12.6~16.8	

unit: billion yen 1元 = about 15 yen

# Cost of CO2 reduction per t-CO2 (power generation field)

	alternative for oil	alternative for average of all power sources
Solar energy generation	Expensive! Ex 97,614	183,743
Wind-power generation	15,474~21,460	28,018~38,855
Waste combustion energy generation	15,442~17,766	Cheap! 30,724~35,349
Biomass energy generation	13,696~18,261	Cheap! 26,250~35,000
	Cheap!	Cheap!

### Cost of thermal utilization

Solar thermal utilization	1,122.2
Unutilized energy	221.6
Waste combustion utilization	53.5
Biomass thermal utilization	255.9
Black liquor/scrap wood etc.	1,887.1

unit: billion yen 1元 = about 15 yen

#### Cost of CO2 reduction per t-CO2 (thermal utilization field)





## No considering !?

# "Target of implementation is based on the possible maximum volume of implementation."

source: report of new energy subcommittee

### They don't consider the COST !?

### Considerations

## Not appropriate!

Set lower implementation target with consideration about cost !!

### If consider only about cost

Reduce about 356.7billion yen ~ 2,560billion yen !!



### Cost factor is very important !

\*1元 = about15yen

### Our proposal

### Set appropriate target with consideration about cost !!

#### **Special Thanks**

- The Institute of Energy Economics, Japan Mr. Tsutomu Toichi
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- Agency for Natural Resources and Energy, Energy Conservation and Renewable Energy Department Mr. Yasuhiro Nagami
- Agency for Natural Resources and Energy, Energy Conservation and Renewable Energy Department Ms. Eri Nakajima

#### Internet Resources

- Ministry of Environment <u>http://www.env.go.jp/index.html</u>
- Ministry of economy, trade and industry <u>http://www.meti.go.jp/</u>
- New Energy Foundation <u>http://www.nef.or.jp/</u>
- Central Research Institute of Electric Power Industry <a href="http://criepi.denken.or.jp/jpn/">http://criepi.denken.or.jp/jpn/</a>
- The Institute of Energy Economics, Japan http://eneken.ieej.or.jp/
- Agency for Natural Resources and Energy http://www.enecho.meti.go.jp/
- Green Energy "law" Network http://www.jca.apc.org/~gen/
- New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization(NEDO) <u>http://www.nedo.go.jp/</u>
- The Federation of Electric Power Companies of Japan <a href="http://www.fepc.or.jp/index-f.html">http://www.fepc.or.jp/index-f.html</a>
- Japan Natural Energy Company Limited <u>http://www.natural-e.co.jp/</u>
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- Hokuriku Electric Power Co., Inc. <u>http://www.rikuden.co.jp/</u>
- Tokyo Electric Power Co.,Inc. <u>http://www.tepco.co.jp/</u>
- Tyu-bu Electric Power Co.,Inc. <u>http://www.chuden.co.jp/</u>
- Kansai Electric Power Co.,Inc. <u>http://www.kepco.co.jp/</u>
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- Hokkaido natural energy society(2002), <sup>1</sup>Natural energy to defend environment<sub>1</sub> Toyo Bookstore
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- Satoshi Yamada(2001), <sup>†</sup>Financial engineering of electric power liberalization<sub>1</sub> TOYO KEIZAI INC.
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- IEA(1998), 'RENEWABLES INFORMATION, OECD
- IEA (1999), <sup>1</sup>Energy policies of IEA countries JAPAN 1999 review JOECD
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- Ministry of Environment(2003), <sup>r</sup>Idea of concrete system of Global warming measures tax system proposal for examination and discussic by the people -1
- Ministry of Environment(2002), <sup>1</sup>Charter of Countermeasures Against Global Warming
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- GEN(2003), <sup>1</sup>The 2nd special Ohou verification committee material for new Ene profit
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  - Or start Designed the difference of Electric Design in the for (0000) [New 000 of the laboration of the TEL







### new energy renewable energy

- hydraulic power generation
- geo-thermal generation

are renewable energy, but are not new energy. because they are not economically inefficient.

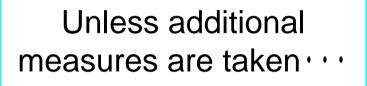
renewable energy

= natural energy + recycled energy

new energy

= renewable energy - hydraulic power generation —geothermal generation トップランナーは、北のほうで風が吹くところ。
 を説明する。

### preventing CO2 emission



exceeds about

74 million t - CO2

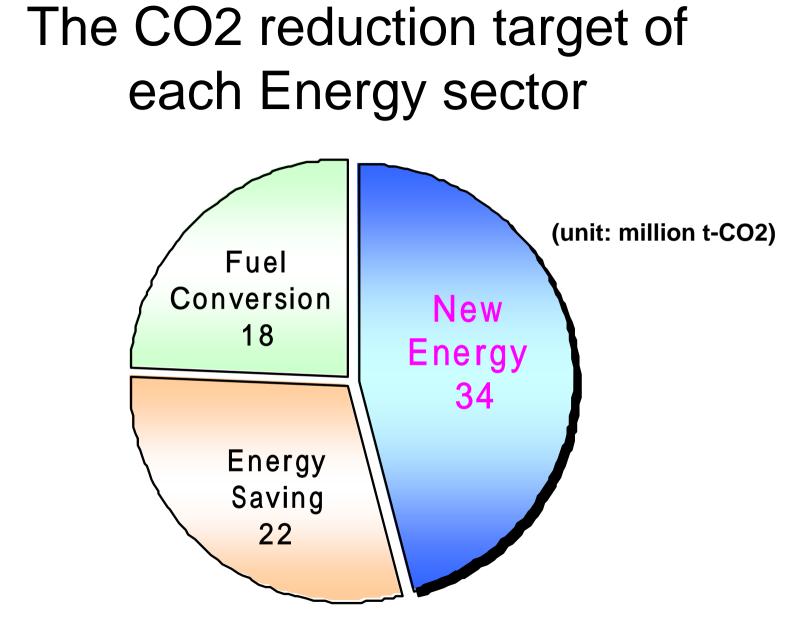
additional measures

conserve energy 2 2 million t - CO2

New energy 3 4 million t-CO2

fuel conversion

18 million t-CO2



Made by presenter,



based on the data by Ministry of the Environment (2002

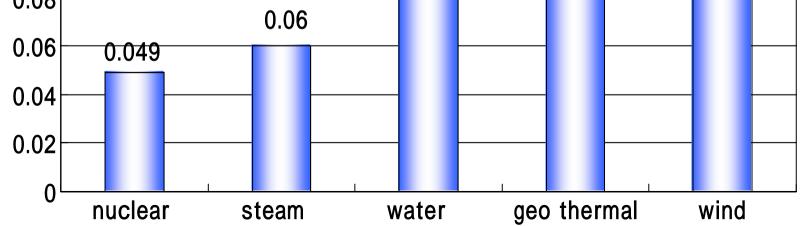
# Current situation of primary energy in Japan

## energy security problem!

roturn

### cost comparison

#### JS\$/kWh) 0.2 0.2 0.18 0.16 0.133 0.14 0.117 0.12 0.1 0.08 0.06



return

### The amount of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of every resource

